Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan 2016-2031 Statement of Basic Conditions

AUGUST 2017
GREAT BOWDEN PARISH COUNCIL

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1.0 Introduction

This statement has been prepared by Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan Advisory Committee to accompany its submission to the local planning authority (Harborough District Council) of the Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan ("the Neighbourhood Plan") under regulation 15 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 ("the Regulations").

The policies described in the Neighbourhood Plan relate to development and the use of land in the designated Neighbourhood Plan area only. The plan period for the Neighbourhood Plan is 2016 to 2031 and it does not contain policies relating to excluded development, in accordance with the Regulations. The manner in which the Neighbourhood Plan meets the Regulations and the Basic Conditions is set out below.

Paragraph 8 of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) [excluding 2b, c, 3 to 5 as required by 38(C)] sets out in the following way how the neighbourhood plans must meet the basic conditions:

- 1) The examiner must consider the following:
 - (a) whether the draft neighbourhood development plan meets the basic conditions (see sub-paragraph (2))
 - (b) whether the draft neighbourhood development plan complies with the provision made by or under sections 61E (2), 61J and 61L, as amended by s38C(5)(b)
 - (c) whether the area for any referendum should extend beyond the neighbourhood area to which the draft neighbourhood development plan relates and
 - (d) such other matters as may be prescribed.
- 2) A draft neighbourhood development plan meets the basic conditions if:
 - (a) having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State, it is appropriate to make the neighbourhood development plan
 - (b) the making of the neighbourhood development plan contributes to the achievement of sustainable development
 - (c) the making of the neighbourhood development plan is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development plan for the area of the authority (or any part of that area)

- (d) the making of the neighbourhood development plan does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with, EU obligations and
- (e) prescribed conditions are met in relation to the neighbourhood development plan and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the neighbourhood development plan.

Section 2 of this Statement sets out how the Neighbourhood Plan complies with the legal requirements of sub-paragraphs 1 (b), (c) and (d). Section 3 of this Statement sets out how the Neighbourhood Plan meets the basic conditions contained in sub-paragraph 1 (a) and sub-paragraph 2.

2.0 Summary of Submission Documents and Supporting Evidence

In addition to the Basic Conditions Statement, the following documents have been prepared to support the preparation of the Plan and meet the Basic Conditions:

- The Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan 2016 2031
- The Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan Consultation Statement
- Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Report Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan, (to be provided).

3.0 Legal Requirements

The Plan complies with the provisions of sub-paragraph 1(b) as described below.

3.1 The Plan is being submitted by a qualifying body

The Neighbourhood Plan has been submitted by Great Bowden Parish Council, which is a qualifying body and entitled to submit a Neighbourhood Plan for its own Parish. The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared by an Advisory Committee, appointed by and reporting to the Great Bowden Parish Council.

3.2 What is being proposed is a neighbourhood plan

The Neighbourhood Plan contains policies relating to the development and use of land within the Neighbourhood Plan area and has been prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and processes set out in the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) and the Neighbourhood Planning Regulations 2012.

3.3 The proposed Neighbourhood Plan states the period for which it is to have effect

The Neighbourhood Plan states that the period which it relates to is from 2016 until 2031. The period has been chosen to align with that of the emerging Harborough District Council Local Plan.

3.4 The policies do not relate to excluded development

The Neighbourhood Plan does not deal with county matters (mineral extraction and waste development), nationally significant infrastructure or any other matters set out in Section 61K of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Following consultation, Leicestershire County Council has not raised any concerns relating to the compatibility between the Neighbourhood Plan and the existing adopted Leicestershire Minerals Local Plan.

3.5 The proposed Neighbourhood Plan does not relate to more than one neighbourhood plan area and there are no other neighbourhood plans in place within the Neighbourhood Plan area.

The whole parish of Great Bowden was formally designated as a Neighbourhood Area by Harborough District Council on 5 December 2015.

The Plan does not relate to more than one neighbourhood plan area. There are no other neighbourhood plans in place within the Neighbourhood Plan area.

In relation to sub-paragraph 1(c), it is not considered that there is any benefit or reason for extending the area for the referendum beyond the designated Neighbourhood Plan area.

In relation to sub-paragraph 1(d), there are no other prescribed matters.

4.0 The Basic Conditions

This section addresses how the Neighbourhood Plan fulfils the basic conditions set out in

sub-paragraph (2). The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared having regard to national policies and advice set out in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and to the strategic policies contained in the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006 – 2028.

The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared with reference to the emerging Local Plan which has been subject to consultation through the period of preparing the Neighbourhood Plan and which is scheduled to be adopted in 2018.

4.1 Having regard to national policies and advice

The Neighbourhood Plan has been developed having regard to the NPPF. An explanation of how each of the Neighbourhood Plan policies have shown regard to the NPPF are outlined in table 1 below.

In general terms:

- The local community has been empowered to develop the plan for their neighbourhood and has undertaken a creative exercise in identifying ways to enhance and improve the area.
- The Plan policies are based on robust evidence and provide a practical framework within which decisions on planning applications can be made, with a high degree of predictability and efficiency.
- The Plan addresses the District Council's housing requirements in the emerging Local Plan, whilst putting in place policies to protect the distinctive character of the countryside and the built environment.
- The need for high quality design and good standard of amenity for all existing and future residents is incorporated in the Plan policies.
- The Plan takes into account the role and unique character of the area and includes
 policies that protect and enhance these qualities, supporting a sustainable level of growth
 to ensure ongoing viability.
- The Plan supports the transition to a low carbon future by focusing future development
 within or adjacent to revised and updated Limits to Development and safeguarding and
 supporting sustainable local economic development and community facilities, thereby
 reducing the need to travel outside of the area for work and leisure.
- The Plan encourages the effective use of land by including a policy supporting development of brownfield sites.
- The Plan recognises and seeks to conserve heritage assets including those which are designated and those that are locally significant.

 The Plan supports local strategies to improve health, social and cultural wellbeing by safeguarding and encouraging enhancement of community facilities and opportunities to walk and cycle. The Plan seeks to address traffic issues; reducing congestion and speeding and thereby sustaining good air quality and improving pedestrian safety.

Table 1: Neighbourhood Plan Policies regard to NPPF

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy H1: Housing Provision	Para. 16	Inclusion of a housing target supports 'the presumption in favour of sustainable development' by providing
		for the strategic development needs set out in the emerging Local Plan.
Policy H2 Limits to Development	Para. 17, 30	One of the core principles of the NPPF is to recognise and protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the
	& 95	countryside. Actively managing patterns of growth, within the current built up area of Great Bowden, seeks to
		ensure that sufficient sites for new homes and economic activity are available in locations that will not
		adversely affect the countryside and setting of the village. Further, Limits to Development facilitate the use of
		sustainable modes of transport with both benefits to the environment and the health of the community, both
		underlying premises of the NPPF.
Policy H3: Windfall Sites	Para 55	The policy for small scale windfall sites has regard to the NPPF; by seeking to meet the identified housing
		requirements for the area, maintain and enhance the vitality of the villages, whilst protecting their character
		and setting.
Policy H4: Housing Mix	Para 50	The policy seeks to support a mix of housing that meets an identified need in the community. The NPPF
		advocates for inclusive and mixed communities, which will require a mix of housing types based on current
		and future demographic trends.
Policy H5: Affordable Housing	Para 50	This policy supports the provision of affordable housing and includes a policy prioritising allocation to local
		residents. This policy is consistent with the NPPF which outlines the need to widen opportunities for home
		ownership and create inclusive and mixed communities through amongst other things, supporting affordable
		housing, where there is an identified need.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy H6: Design Standards	Para 58 & 60	This policy outlines a number of design principles and supports the NPPF principle of requiring good design;
		and in particular the need to respond to local character and history of the local surroundings. Importantly the
		policy does not impose architectural styles and hence does not stifle an innovative approach.
Policy H7: Support for Brownfield	Para 17	Policy H2 supports the use of brownfield sites for development and in so doing, has regard to one of the core
Sites		planning principles of the NPPF which encourages 'the effective use of land by re-using land that has been
		previously developed (brownfield land), provided that it is not of high environmental value'.
Policy Env 1: Areas of Separation	17 & 109	The policy seeks to ensure that the physical separation of the settlements is maintained thereby protecting
		their individuality and character. A Core principle of the NPPF is that planning should empower local people
		to shape their surroundings and contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by protecting
		valued landscapes.
Policy Env 12: Protection of Local	Para. 76 &	Protection of Local Green Spaces identified as being special by the community is advocated through the
Green Space	77	NPPF. Proposed designations meet the criteria set out in the NPPF.
Policy Env 3: Other Important Open	109 & 135	This policy seeks to protect other open space with environmental value on account of their natural and/or
Space		historical features. This has regard to the NPPF principles conserving and enhancing the natural and historic
		environment.
Policy Env 4: Protection of Other	109 & 135	This policy seeks to protect other open space with environmental value on account of their natural and/or
Sites of Historic/environment		historical features. This has regard to the NPPF principles conserving and enhancing the natural and historic
Significance		environment. It takes into account the designation hierarchy and the protection is commensurate with their
		status.
Policy Env 5: Ridge ad Furrow Fields	Para. 139	This policy seeks to protect ridge and furrow fields and has regard for the NPPF, which considers that non-
		designated heritage assets of archaeological interest, of equivalent significance to scheduled monuments
		should be subject to the policies for designated heritage assets.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy Env 6: Setting of Buildings	Para 17	The policy supports the protection of heritage assets and their setting, a core principle of the NPPF.
and Structures of Historical and		
Architectural interest		
Policy Env 7: Protection of Important	Para. 109	The policy seeks to protect views identified as being significant to the community. In accordance with the
Views		NPPF, the planning system should contribute to and where possible; enhance the landscape. Views are a
		key component of the landscape.
Policy Env 8: Protection of Other	109 & 135	This policy seeks to protect other open space with environmental value on account of their natural features.
Sites and Features of Natural		This has regard to the NPPF principles conserving and enhancing the natural environment. It takes into
Environment Significance		account the designation hierarchy and the protection is commensurate with their status.
Policy Env 9: Woodland, Trees and	Para. 118	The policy in its aims to protect woodland or trees of arboricultural/ecological significance and amenity value
Hedges.		has regard for the NPPF, specifically, the need to conserve or enhance biodiversity and encourage
		opportunities for its incorporation in and around developments.
Policy Env 10: Biodiversity	Para. 109	The policy seeks to protect local habitats and species and where possible create new habitats. The policy
		has regard to the NPPF, which states that the planning system should contribute to enhancing the natural and
		local environment by minimizing impacts on biodiversity and providing net gains where possible.
Policy Env 11: Footpaths and	Para. 30 &	The policy safeguards existing networks of footpaths and in so doing supports the NPPF aims of promoting
Cycleways	75	sustainable transport and promoting healthy communities.
Policy CAF1: Protection of Existing	Para. 28 &	This policy seeks to protect key community facilities. This has regard for the NPPF principle of promoting
Community Amenities and Facilities	70	healthy communities through amongst other things, planning positively for community facilities and guarding
		against their unnecessary loss.
Policy CAF2: Provision of New or the	Para. 70	In seeking new or improved community facilities, the policy supports the NPPF principle of promoting healthy
Extension of Existing Community		communities.
Amenities and Facilities		

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy CAF3: Expansion of Great	72	Ensuring adequate education provision in the Plan area has regard to 'promoting healthy communities.'
Bowden Academy		
Policy T1: Traffic Management	Para.17	The policy seeks to introduce traffic management solutions to address the issues of speeding vehicles. This
		policy represents an important response to an identified issue, which will improve safety and amenity of the
		parish.
Policy T2: Welham Lane	Para 17	This policy seeks to enhance community safety by supporting the closure of Welham Lane to 4-wheel traffic.
Policy T3: Residential car parking	Para 30	The policy supports the provision of enhanced car parking. This policy has regard to the NPPF in its aims to
		reduce traffic congestion and road safety.
Policy T4: Community Car Parks.	Para 30	The policy supports the provision of enhanced car parking. This policy has regard to the NPPF in its aims to
		reduce traffic congestion and road safety.
Policy T5: Safe Routes to School	Para 30 & 75	This policy aims to encourage safe routes to school. In doing so, it has regard to the NPPF in terms of
		promoting sustainable transport, reducing congestion and greenhouse gas emissions and promoting healthy
		communities.
Policy T6: Cycle Routes and	Para 30 & 75	This policy aims to protect and improve the existing cycle routes and bridleways to the village centre. In doing
Bridleways		so, it has regard to the NPPF in terms of promoting sustainable transport, reducing congestion and
		greenhouse gas emissions and promoting healthy communities.
Policy T7: Supporting Public	Para 30 & 75	This policy aims to encourage public transport In doing so, it has regard to the NPPF in terms of promoting
Transport		sustainable transport, reducing congestion and greenhouse gas emissions and promoting healthy
		communities.
Policy E1 Support for Existing	Para 28	This policy seeks, where viable, to safeguard existing employment sites. This has regard for the NPPF in terms
Employment Opportunities		of supporting a prosperous and rural economy.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy E2: New Employment	Para 9, 28 &	The policy supports new employment opportunities through small scale new build and/or small-scale
Opportunities	37	expansion of existing employment premises. 'Making it easier for jobs to be created in cities, towns and
		villages' is a key element in the pursuance of sustainable development as outlined in the NPPF. The policy
		aims to support a prosperous rural economy, to grow and where possible, diversify the local economy,
		providing local employment opportunities. Further, the policy has regard for the need to promote sustainable
		transport by minimising journey lengths for employment.
Policy E3: Broadband Infrastructure	Para. 42 &	This policy recognises the need for super-fast broadband service and improved mobile telecommunications
	43	network for sustainable economic growth in the area. The NPPF advocates planning that supports high quality
		communications infrastructure.
Policy CAF4: Developer	173.	The prioritisation of projects funded through developer contributions has regard to the NPPF in terms of
Contributions		ensuring viability and deliverability.

4.2 Achieving sustainable development

The Neighbourhood Plan is positively prepared, reflecting the presumption in the NPPF in favour of sustainable development. In this regard, the Plan supports the strategic development needs in the emerging Local Plan, shaping and directing development in the area that is outside of the strategic elements of the Local Plan.

The NPPF defines sustainable development as having three dimensions; economic, social and environmental. The Neighbourhood Plan has been developed with regard to these principles and has jointly sought environmental, economic and social gains.

The principal ways in which the Neighbourhood Plan contributes to achieving sustainable development are set out below:

- Encouraging the effective use of land by supporting the re-use of land that has been previously developed.
- Safeguarding and enhancing existing open space, community facilities and pedestrian and cycling facilities for the health, social and cultural wellbeing of the community.
- Protecting and enhancing the distinctive character of the built and natural environment through high quality design and maintenance of important views and open space around and within villages to retain their setting.
- Supporting strong, vibrant, healthy and inclusive communities by making provision for a supply of housing of the right type and in the right place which meet identified need.
- Supporting the transition to a low carbon future through actively managing patterns of growth within existing settlements, maintaining and enhancing footpaths and supporting local employment opportunities.
- Supporting a prosperous rural economy through the protection of existing employment sites, supporting small scale business development including working from home and supporting the provision of high quality communications infrastructure.
- Contributing to conserving and enhancing the natural environment by minimising the impacts and where possible improving biodiversity and important habitats.
- Contributing to conserving and enhancing the historic environment by seeking to reduce adverse effects on heritage assets and their setting.

4.3 General conformity with the strategic policies of the development plan for the area

The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared in general conformity with the saved strategic policies of the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006-2028. To meet the basic conditions, the Neighbourhood Plan is only required to demonstrate general conformity with the adopted Local Plan. However, given how dated this Local Plan is, considerable regard has been paid to the evidence base of the emerging Local Plan, particularly in relation to housing provision. Table 2 provides a summary of how each of the Neighbourhood Plan policies are in general conformity with the Strategic Policies of Harborough District Council Core Strategy.

Table 2: Assessment of how each policy of the Neighbourhood Plan conforms to the saved strategic policies of the Harborough Core Strategy

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy H1: Housing Provision	C17	The emerging Local Plan will set the agenda for housing numbers but to date has not apportioned a
		housing target to specific settlements. The Neighbourhood Plan has been produced having regard to the
		evidence in the emerging Local Plan including the position of the settlement and its subsequent role in the
		settlement hierarchy.
		The Core Strategy identifies Great Bowden as a Selected Rural Village and that development should be
		on a scale that reflects the size and character of the village and level of service provision.
		In this regard, the identified level of housing provision in the Neighbourhood Plan is in general conformity
		with the strategic principles of the Core Strategy and the evidence regarding housing need in the emerging
		Local Plan.
Policy H2: Limits to	CS1, CS2, HS8, CS11	Policy H2 updates the existing Limits to Development used by the District Council, taking into account the
Development		planning approvals since they were originally drawn. Limits to Development are supported as a vehicle
		to shape development in the Core Strategy (policies CS1 and CS2 and identified in the proposal map).
		The current Limits to Development have not been updated in a number of years, and the need to do so is
		clearly evident in light of the housing requirements identified through the updated SHLAA.
Policy H3: Windfall Sites	CS17	Policy H3 is in general conformity with CS17 which supports small scale development in Selected Rural
		Villages located and designed in a way that is sensitive to its landscape setting.
Policy H4: Housing Mix	CS1	The Core Strategy supports development that provides for the varied housing needs of the community.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy H5: Housing	CS1, CS3	The policy conforms with the general principle in the spatial strategy which seeks to give priority to the
Allocations		use of previously developed land and the sites do not conflict with any designations on the proposals map.
		Furthermore, making provision for affordable housing is supported by policy CS1 and CS3. The policy
		contributes to meeting the housing requirements identified in the emerging Local Plan.
Policy H6: Design	CS11, CS17	The pursuance of high quality design is consistent across both the Neighbourhood Plan and Core Strategy
		and in particular the need for development to respect local character and distinctiveness.
Policy H7: Support for	CS1	The Core Strategy gives priority to the use of previously developed land.
Brownfield Sites		
Policy ENV1: Areas of	CS8, C17	The strategic policies in the Core Strategy advocate for the protection and enhancement of local
Separation		landscape, character and heritage, consistent with the values attributable to Areas of Separation.
Policy ENV2: Protection of	CS8	The policy to protect local green space is in general conformity with policy CS8 which seeks to ensure a
Local Green Spaces		high quality, accessible and multi-functional green infrastructure network across rural areas.
Policy Env3: Other Important	CS1, CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which safeguards green infrastructure assets and avoiding the
Open Space		loss of features of habitats of landscape, historic, wildlife or geological importance, whether of national or
		local significance.
Policy ENV4: Protection of	CS1, CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which safeguards green infrastructure assets and avoiding the
Other Sites of Historic		loss of features of habitats of landscape, historic, wildlife or geological importance, whether of national or
Environment Significance		local significance.
Policy Env5: Ridge and	CS1, CS11, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which protects, conserves and enhances the District's heritage
Furrow Fields		assets and their setting, including non-scheduled nationally important archaeological remains and areas
		of historic landscape. Further, it supports the identification of heritage assets of local importance.
Policy Env6: Setting of	CS1, CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which safeguards green infrastructure assets and avoiding the
Buildings/Structures of Hist.		loss of features of habitats of landscape, historic, wildlife or geological importance, whether of national or
& Architectural interest		local significance.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy Env 7: Protection of	CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports the protection and enhancement of heritage assets and local landscape.
Important Views		Important views are an important element of the character of the landscape and thus their identification
		and protection is consistent with the aims of Policy CS8.
Policy Env 8: Protection of	CS1, CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which safeguards green infrastructure assets and avoiding the
Other Sites and Features of		loss of features of habitats of landscape, historic, wildlife or geological importance, whether of national or
Natural Environment		local significance.
Significance		
Policy Env 9: Woodland,	CS8, CS17	The protection of woodland trees and hedges is in general conformity with policy CS8 which amongst
Trees and Hedges.		other things, requires new development to avoid demonstrable harm to habitats which are protected or
		which are of importance to biodiversity.
Policy Env 10: Biodiversity	CS1, CS8, CS17	Policy ENV 10 is in conformity with the strategic policies in the Core Strategy which seek to protect habitats
		and species and further develop the green infrastructure asset of the District.
Policy Env 11: Footpaths and	CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy endorses improving the green infrastructure network, including increased opportunities
Cycleways		for public access to the countryside. Rights of Ways and Greenways are identified as priority strategic
		green infrastructure assets for the District.
Policy CAF1: Protection of	CS1 &CS6	Policy CAF1 concurs with the principle aims of CS6 which is to retain and enhance neighbourhood retail
Existing Community		facilities and CS1 which supports the protection of existing services in smaller settlements.
Amenities and Facilities		
Policy CAF2: Provision of	CS6	Policy CAF2 conforms with the principle aims of CS6 which is to retain and enhance neighbourhood retail
New or the Extension of		facilities.
Existing Community		
Amenities and Facilities		

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy CAF3: Expansion of	CS1	Policy CAF3 seeks to support the expansion of current educational facilities. This is consistent with the
Great Bowden Academy		Core Strategy which supports Great Bowden as a focus for community uses.
Policy T1: Traffic	CS5	Policy T1 is in general conformity with CS5 which supports the majority of future development in areas
Management		well served by local services and seeks to reduce the negative impact of the transport system on the
		environment and individuals.
Policy T2: Welham Lane	CS5	Policy T2 is in general conformity with CS5 which seeks to reduce the negative impact of the transport
		system on the environment and individuals.
Policy T3: Car parking	CS5	CS5 seeks to enhance road safety and accord with LCC's 6Cs highways standards.
Policy T4: Community Car	CS17	The Core Strategy supports the need to reduce travel from rural areas including the development for
Parks.		shopping provision.
Policy T5: Safe Routes to	CS5	Policy T5 compliments the Core Strategy's policy regarding sustainable transport and in particular the
School		need for safe pedestrian and cycling facilities.
Policy T6: Cycle Routes and	CS5	Policy T6 compliments the Core Strategy's policy regarding sustainable transport and in particular the
Bridleways		need for safe pedestrian and cycling facilities.
Policy T7: Supporting	CS5	Policy T7 compliments the Core Strategy's policy regarding sustainable transport.
Public Transport		
Policy E1 Support for Existing	CS17	Policy E1 is in general conformity with the Core Strategy which supports proposals that reduce the need
Employment Opportunities		to travel, including development for shopping provision.
Policy E2: New Employment	CS7	The Core Strategy supports proposals to renew or upgrade the environment of employment areas not
Opportunities		identified as 'Key Employment Areas'.
Policy E3: Broadband	C17	The Core Strategy supports proposals that reduce the need to travel from rural areas to work and/or shop
Infrastructure		through reliable and high speed digital connectivity.
Policy CAF4: Developer	CS8, CS11 and CS12	The Core Strategy highlights developer contributions to help improve green infrastructure, improve issues
Contributions		such as car parks and heritage assets and considers arrangements for their timely delivery.

4.4 EU obligations

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

In some limited circumstances, where a neighbourhood plan could have significant environmental effects, it may require a Strategic Environmental Assessment under the relevant EU Directive. DCLG planning guidance suggests that, whether a neighbourhood plan requires a strategic environmental assessment and (if so) the level of detail needed, will depend on what is proposed in the draft neighbourhood plan. A strategic environmental assessment may be required, for example, where:

- a neighbourhood plan allocates sites for development;
- the neighbourhood area contains sensitive natural or heritage assets that may be affected by the proposals in the plan;
- the neighbourhood plan may have significant environmental effects that have not already been considered and dealt with through a sustainability appraisal of the Local Plan.

A Screening opinion was issued by Harborough District Council with regards to the Strategic Environmental Assessment. A Screening opinion was issued by Harborough District Council with regards to the Strategic Environmental Assessment. This determined that "it is unlikely that there will be any significant environmental effects arising from the Great Bowden's' Neighbourhood Plan Pre-Submission Draft as submitted at the date of this assessment, that were not covered in the Sustainability Appraisal of the Core Strategy and the subsequent interim Sustainability Appraisal for the emerging New Local Plan. As such, the Great Bowden's' Neighbourhood Plan does not require a full SEA to be undertaken."

Habitats Directive

The Neighbourhood Plan area does not include or is not close to a European site that would require a Habitat Regulation Assessment.

A Screening opinion was issued by Harborough District Council with regards a Habitats Regulations Assessment. This determined that an Appropriate Assessment was not required under Habitat Regulations. The consultation bodies were asked to comment and no concerns were raised.

Convention on Human Rights

The Neighbourhood Plan has regard to and is compatible with the fundamental rights and freedoms guaranteed under the European Convention on Human Rights. The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared with extensive input from the community and stakeholders as set out in the accompanying Statement of Consultation. Considerable care has been taken

throughout the preparation and drafting of this Plan to ensure that the views of the whole community were embraced to avoid any unintentional negative impacts on particular groups. There was extensive consultation and engagement in identifying issues and objectives and the draft Neighbourhood Plan is being consulted on as required by Regulation14 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012, responses have been recorded and changes have been made as per the schedule set out in the appendices to the Statement of Consultation. The Statement of Consultation has been prepared by the Advisory Committee and meets the requirements set out in Paragraph 15 (2) of the Regulations.

5.0 Conclusion

The Basic Conditions as set out in Schedule 4B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 are considered to have been met by the Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan.

The Plan has regard to national policy, will contribute towards the achievement of sustainable development, is in general conformity with the saved strategic policies in the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006-2028 and meets relevant EU obligations.

It is therefore respectfully suggested to the Examiner that the Great Bowden Neighbourhood Plan complies with Paragraph 8(1)(a) of Schedule 4B of the Act.